

# TRIAD **SFZ** SELECT<sup>™</sup>

Selective post-emergent combination herbicide

## ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

2,4-D – Group 4  
MCPA – Group 4  
Dicamba – Group 4  
Sulfentrazone – Group 14

## % ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

2,4-D . . . . . 18.33%  
MCPA . . . . . 6.65%  
Dicamba . . . . . 2.88%  
Sulfentrazone . . . . . 0.65%

## FORMULATION

Liquid

## CHEMICAL FAMILY

PPO inhibitor

## BRAND ALTERNATIVE

Surge<sup>®</sup>

## MODE OF ACTION

Cell membrane disrupter,  
causes accelerated growth  
until death.

## RESTRICTED USE

No

## SIGNAL WORD

Warning

## PACKAGING

4 x 1 gal, 2 x 2.5 gal,  
5 x 30 gal

## LABELED USES

Residential lawns  
Golf courses including  
fairways, aprons, roughs  
Golf course turf  
Sports turf  
Public recreation areas  
*See label for complete list*



**Triad SFZ Select<sup>™</sup>** contains four active ingredients, including sulfentrazone, that broaden the spectrum of post-emergent broadleaf weed control with proven performance in turfgrass. Weed injury symptoms can be noticed within hours of the application and plant death can occur within ten to fourteen days. These combined herbicides provide limited residual activity at specified use rates. Sulfentrazone is in the aryl triazolinone family and inhibits protoporphyrinogen oxidase (Protox) a pivotal enzyme in chlorophyll production. Without this key enzyme, a build-up of peroxide-like compounds occur thus causing the plant cell membranes of weeds to rupture.

## PRODUCT BENEFITS

- Rainfast in 6 hours
- Visible results in 24-48 hours
- Water-based formulation
- Tough on weeds, gentle on established turfgrass

## Tough weed control In industrial or low maintenance areas

**Triad SFZ Select<sup>™</sup>** can be used for certain tough-to-control weeds. Mixed strands of Kentucky bluegrass, tall fescue, smooth bromegrass, orchardgrass and reed canarygrass may be treated. Applications to non-cropland areas (roadsides and rights-of-way) are not applicable to treatment of commercial timber, or other plants being grown for sale, or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

Treatments of **Triad SFZ Select<sup>™</sup>** may injure or kill legumes, including clovers (sweet, yellow, red, crimson, alsike, hop, white), lespedezas, trefoils and vetches.



**Prime Source, a Division of Albaugh, LLC**  
1525 NE 36th Street, Ankeny, IA 50021 • [www.primesource-albaugh.com](http://www.primesource-albaugh.com)

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## Spot treatment

With hand operated sprayers (including backpack sprayers, compression sprayers and knapsack sprayers)

- Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are actively growing.
- Calibration and proper application are essential when using this product.
- Uniform applications are essential when using this product. Over-application or rates above those specified on this label, including excessive overlaps of this product can cause turf injury.
- Hand-held techniques. Wands fitted with flat fan nozzle tips may be used with the appropriate technique. Spray wands fitted with flat fan tips should not be waved in a back-and-forth motion or in a side-to-side motion, or in a swinging arm motion. Instead, the nozzle should be held stationary the proper height. Side-to-side motions result in uneven coverage.
- Follow-up applications as spot treatments at a 30-day interval are suggested for more mature weeds for dense infestations, and for adverse environmental conditions.
- For cool-season turfgrass: Mix 1.2 to 1.5 fl. oz. of this product per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq. ft. of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.
- For warm-season turfgrass: Mix 1.0 to 1.2 fl. oz. of this product per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq. ft. of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.
- For centipedegrass, use lower rates within specified range until turfgrass tolerance to injury can be determined.

## Limitations on spot treatments for ornamental turfgrass

Spot treatment is defined as a treatment area no greater than 1,000 sq. ft. per acre. The maximum single application rate is 1.5 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft. per application (0.25 lb. MCPA-p acid equivalent per acre). The maximum number of spot treatments is limited to two per year with a minimum of thirty days between applications.

## Broadleaf weeds controlled

Aster, white heath and white prairie	Dollarweed (pennywort)	Mallow, common	Red sorrel (sheep sorrel)
Bedstraw	False dandelion (spotted cats ear & common cats ear)	Matchweed	Redweed
Beggarweed, creeping	Field bindweed (morning glory & creeping jenny)	Mouseear chickweed	Shepherd's purse
Black medic	Field oxeye daisy (creeping oxeye)	Nutsedge (yellow)	Spurge
Broadleaf plantain	Filaree, whitestem & redstem	Old world diamond flower	Thistle
Buckhorn plantain	Florida betony	Oxalis (yellow woodsorrel & creeping woodsorrel)	Virginia buttonweed
Bull thistle	Florida pusley	Parsley piert	White clover (Dutch clover, honeysuckle clover, white trefoil & purplewort)
Burdock, common	Ground ivy	Pennsylvania smartweed	Wild carrot
Buttercup, creeping	Groundsel	Pepperweed	Wild garlic
Carpetweed	Hawkweed	Pigweed	Wild geranium
Chickweed, common	Heal-all	Pineappleweed	Wild lettuce
Chicory	Henbit	Plantain	Wild mustard
Cinquefoil	Innocence (Blue-eyed Mary)	Poison ivy	Wild onion
Clover	Knotweed	Poison oak	Wild strawberry
Curly Dock	Lambsquarters	Prickly lettuce (compass plant)	Yarrow
Dandelion	Lawn burweed	Puncturevine	Yellow rocket
Dayflower	Lespedeza, common	Purple cudweed	
Deadnettle		Purslane	
Dock		Ragweed	
Dogfennel			