

AZOXY 2SC SELECT™

FUNGICIDE

BROAD SPECTRUM FUNGICIDE FOR CONTROL OF PLANT DISEASE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Azoxystrobin: methyl (E)-2-[2-[6-(2-cyanophenoxy) pyrimidin-4-yloxy]phenyl]-3-methoxyacrylate* 22.9%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 77.1%

TOTAL **100.0%**

Contains 2.08 lbs. of active ingredient per gallon

Suspension Concentration

*IUPAC

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Reformulation is prohibited. See individual container labels for repackaging limitations.

FIRST AID	
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOT LINE NUMBER	
<p>Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For medical emergencies involving this product, call CHEMTREC® toll free at 1-800-424-9300.</p>	

See additional Precautionary Statements and Directions For Use inside booklet.

EPA Reg. No. 89442-21

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemically resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options follow the instructions for Category C on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber or butyl rubber
- Shoes plus socks

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

IMPORTANT: When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "applicators and other handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment breakdown.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to freshwater and estuarine/marine fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water except as specified on this label. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Ground Water Advisory

Azoxystrobin and a degradate of azoxystrobin are known to leach through soil to ground water under certain conditions as a result of label use. This chemical may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Surface Water Advisory

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of azoxystrobin and a degradate of azoxystrobin from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

Notify State and/or Federal authorities and Albaugh immediately if you observe any adverse environmental effects due to use of this product.

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Physical or Chemical Hazards

Do not mix or allow coming into contact with oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Use of **Azoxy 2SC Select** through air blast application equipment on grapes is prohibited in the following townships and boroughs of Erie County, Pennsylvania: North East, Harborcreek, Lawrence Park, Erie, Presque Isle, Millcreek, Fairview, Girard, and Springfield.

This prohibition is intended to help eliminate phytotoxicity problems with apples observed in this geographic location.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE USE DIRECTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN PLANT INJURY OR POOR DISEASE CONTROL.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard, and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber or butyl rubber
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

Do not treat areas while unprotected humans or domestic animals are present in the treatment areas. Because certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

Do not allow entry into treatment area until area that was treated with this product is dry.

TURF

Golf course turf (not for use in California). Commercial turf farms (not for use in California).

Azoxy 2SC Select is recommended for control of anthracnose, brown patch, cool weather brown patch (yellow patch), Fusarium patch, gray leaf spot, gray snow mold (Typhula blight), leafspot, melting out, necrotic ring spot, pink patch, pink snow mold, Pythium blight, Pythium root rot, red thread, Rhizoctonia large patch, southern blight, spring dead spot, summer patch, take-all patch, and Zoysia patch on golf courses, lawns and landscape areas around residential, institutional, public, commercial and industrial buildings, parks, recreational areas and athletic fields.

Integrated Pest (Disease) Management: Sound turf management resulting in healthy, vigorous turf is the foundation of a good IPM program. Cultural practices such as proper choice of turf variety, nutrient management, proper cutting height, thatch management, and proper watering, drainage, and moisture stress management should be integrated with the use of fungicides to increase turf vigor and reduce the susceptibility to disease. Immunoassay detection kits and extension service diagnostic services can assist in the early and accurate identification of causal organisms and corresponding selection of the proper fungicide when required.

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Resistance Management: Some turf disease pathogens are known to have developed resistance to products used repeatedly for their control. **Azoxy 2SC Select** should be applied in a tank mix or alternation program with other registered fungicides that have a different mode of action and to which pathogen resistance has not developed. Do not apply more than two sequential **Azoxy 2SC Select** applications for *Pythium* spp. control. For all other diseases when *Pythium* spp. is not present, do not apply more than three sequential applications of **Azoxy 2SC Select**.

Application Directions: **Azoxy 2SC Select** should be applied prior to disease development. Mix **Azoxy 2SC Select** with the required amount of water and apply as a dilute spray application in 2-4 gallons of water per 1,000 square feet (87-174 gallons per acre). Repeat applications at specified intervals for as long as required. For spot treatments, use 0.4 fl. oz. **Azoxy 2SC Select** per 1 to 2 gallons of water. Do not apply more than 9.6 quarts product/acre/year (7.1 fl. oz. product/1,000 square feet/year). Apply by ground only.

Rate Ranges: Use the shortest specified application interval and/or use the higher specified rate when prolonged favorable disease conditions exist.

Dollar Spot: **Azoxy 2SC Select** does not control dollar spot. **Azoxy 2SC Select** is compatible in tank mixes with many other fungicides that control dollar spot. Always tank mix **Azoxy 2SC Select** with another fungicide that controls dollar spot when this disease is present.

Follow directions under TANK MIXES/COMPATIBILITY above.

DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION FOR TURF DISEASES

Target Diseases	Use Rate (fl. oz. product per 1,000 sq. ft.)	Application Interval (days)	Remarks*
Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum graminicola</i>)	0.38-0.77	14-28	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Brown Patch (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.38-0.77	14-28	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Cool weather brown patch Yellow patch (<i>Rhizoctonia cerealis</i>)	0.38-0.77	28	Make one or two applications in fall or when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Fusarium patch (<i>Microdochium nivale</i>)	0.38-0.77	14-28	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Gray Leaf Spot (<i>Pyricularia grisea</i>)	0.38-0.77	14-28	Begin applications before disease is present and continue applications while conditions are favorable for disease development.
Gray snow mold Typhula blight (<i>Typhula incarnata</i> , <i>T. ishikariensis</i>)	1.35	Single application	Make a single application of 1.35 fl. oz. or two applications of 0.77 spaced 14 days apart in late fall just before snow cover. Tank mixing with another snow mold fungicide may enhance control under severe disease pressure.
	0.77	14	
Leafspot (<i>Bipolaris sorokiniana</i>)	0.38-0.77	14-21	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Melting out (<i>Drechslera poae</i>)	0.38-0.77	14-21	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Necrotic ring spot (<i>Leptosphaeria korrae</i>)	0.38-0.77	14-28	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Pink patch (<i>Limonomyces roseipellis</i>)	0.38-0.77	14-28	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Pink snow mold (<i>Microdochium nivale</i>)	1.35	Single application	Make a single application of 1.35 fl. oz. or two applications of 0.77 spaced 14 days apart in late fall just before snow cover. Tank mixing with another snow mold fungicide may enhance control under severe disease pressure.
	0.77	14	
Pythium blight Pythium root rot (<i>Pythium aphanidermatum</i> , <i>Pythium</i> spp.)	0.38-0.77	10-14	Begin applications before disease is present. During periods of prolonged favorable conditions, treat on the 10 day application interval. For use on newly seeded as well as established turf.

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Target Diseases	Use Rate (fl. oz. product per 1,000 sq. ft.)	Application Interval (days)	Remarks*
Red thread <i>(Laetisaria fuciformis)</i>	0.38-0.77	14-28	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Rhizoctonia large patch <i>(Rhizoctonia solani)</i>	0.38-0.77	28	Make one or two applications in fall or when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Southern blight <i>(Sclerotium rolfsii)</i>	0.38-0.77	14-28	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Spring dead spot <i>(Leptosphaeria korrae)</i> or <i>(Gaeumannomyces graminis var. graminis)</i> or <i>(Ophiosphaerella herpotricha)</i>	0.38-0.77	28	Make one or two applications in fall or when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Summer patch <i>(Magnaporthe poae)</i>	0.38-0.77	14-28	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Take-all patch <i>(Gaeumannomyces graminis var. avenae)</i>	0.38-0.77	28	Make two applications 28 days apart in the spring and two applications 28 days apart in the fall.
Zoysia patch <i>(Rhizoctonia solani and/or Gaeumannomyces incrustana)</i>	0.38-0.77	28	Make one or two applications in late fall before snow cover or when conditions are favorable for disease development. Do not apply on top of snow.

Do not apply more than two sequential applications of **Azoxy 2SC Select** for control of *Pythium* spp. For all other diseases, do not apply more than four sequential applications of **Azoxy 2SC Select**.

AZOXY 2SC SELECT Rate Conversion Chart for Turf

Fluid Ounces Product Per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	Ounces A.I. Per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	Fluid Ounces Product Per Acre	Pints of Product Per Acre
0.4	0.104	17.4	1.1
0.5	0.130	21.8	1.4
0.6	0.156	26.1	1.6
0.7	0.182	30.5	1.9
0.77	0.200	33.5	2.1
1.35	0.35	58.8	3.7

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Amount of Azoxy 2SC Select to Mix 100 Gallons for Turf Applications			
Spray Volume (gallons/1,000 square feet)			
AZOXY 2SC SELECT Use Rate (fl. oz.)	2.0 gals. (fl. oz.)	3.0 gals. (fl. oz.)	4.0 gals. (fl. oz.)
0.4	20	13	10
0.5	25	17	13
0.6	30	20	15
0.7	35	23	18
0.77	38.5	25.7	19.3
1.35	67.5	45	33.75

ORNAMENTALS

Azoxy 2SC Select controls certain pathogens causing foliar, aerial, and root diseases, including leaf, tip, and flower blights, leaf spots, downy mildew, powdery mildew, anthracnose, and rusts of ornamental plants. **Azoxy 2SC Select** controls certain diseases of container, bench, fiat, plug, bed or field-grown ornamentals in greenhouses, shade-houses, outdoor nurseries, retail nurseries, and other landscape areas.

Integrated Pest (Disease) Management: Integrate **Azoxy 2SC Select** into an overall disease management strategy that includes selection of varieties with disease tolerance, optimum plant populations, proper fertilization, winter and/or spring pruning, plant residue management and proper timing and placement of irrigation. Immunoassay detection kits and diagnostic services can assist in the early and accurate identification of causal organisms and corresponding selection of the proper fungicide when required.

Resistance Management: Some ornamental disease pathogens are known to have developed resistance to fungicides used repeatedly for their control. Apply **Azoxy 2SC Select** in an alternation or tank mix program with other registered fungicides that have a different mode of action and to which pathogen resistance has not developed. Do not make more than three (3) sequential applications of **Azoxy 2SC Select** before alternating with a fungicide of a different mode of action. A sound resistance management program includes blocks of three **Azoxy 2SC Select** applications separated by blocks of two alternate fungicide applications. Do not alternate **Azoxy 2SC Select** with other strobilurin fungicides.

Application Directions: Apply **Azoxy 2SC Select** as a broadcast or banded spray targeted at the foliage or crown of the plant. Apply to runoff in sufficient water to ensure complete coverage of the target plant. Good coverage and wetting of foliage is necessary for best control. Refer to the label for specific use directions for control of certain diseases. Repeat applications at specified intervals (plus alternations for resistance management) for as long as required. Applications may be made by ground only.

Start **Azoxy 2SC Select** applications prior to disease development and continue throughout the season at specified intervals following resistance management guidelines. **Azoxy 2SC Select** works best when used as part of a preventative disease management program.

Use only surfactants approved for ornamental plants in combination with **Azoxy 2SC Select**. Do not use silicone based products with **Azoxy 2SC Select** due to possible phytotoxicity. Always test tank mixes on a small group of representative plants prior to broadscale use.

Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz./100 gallons (0.95-3.85 fl. oz./50 gallons) **Azoxy 2SC Select** every 7-28 days (or as otherwise specified for a specific plant or disease). The addition of a non-silicone based wetter-sticker at the specified use rate may enhance coverage on hard-to-wet plant foliage.

Under most conditions and for most diseases, apply 3.85-7.7 fl. oz./100 gallons (1.9-3.85 fl. oz./50 gallons) on a 7-14 day interval.

Under light to moderate disease pressure, use the lower rates within the specified rate range (1.9-3.85 fl. oz./100 gallons, or 0.95-1.9 fl. oz./50 gallons) on a 7-14 day interval or the higher rates within the specified rate range (5.75-7.7 fl. oz./100 or 2.85-3.85 fl. oz./50 gallons) on a 14-28 day interval.

Under environmental conditions which promote severe disease development, use the higher rates within the specified rate range (5.75-7.7 fl. oz./100 gallons or 2.85-3.85 fl. oz./50 gallons) on a 7-14 day interval.

Using **Azoxy 2SC Select** as a "rescue" (late curative or eradicator) treatment will not always result in satisfactory disease control.

Do not exceed 2.4 gallons of product/crop acre/year or 8 applications/crop/year.

Do not exceed 600 gallons spray volume per acre for foliar applications. For drench and crown applications, do not exceed 2 pints volume per square foot.

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In addition, do not tank mix **Azoxy 2SC Select** with other fungicides, insecticides, herbicides, fertilizers, adjuvants, etc., unless local experience indicates that the tank mix is safe to ornamental plants.

Drench Application: Apply **Azoxy 2SC Select** to control soilborne, seedling, and crown diseases of production ornamentals (greenhouse, shadehouse, and container grown) as a preventative, drench treatment prior to infection. Good coverage of the pre-infection area (root zone, root ball, crown, etc.) is necessary for satisfactory control. Drench apply **Azoxy 2SC Select** to container grown ornamentals using 0.38-1.75 fl. oz./100 gallons of water. Apply 1-2 pints of the solution per square foot surface area on a 7-28 day interval. Apply drench prior to infection as healthy roots are necessary to optimize product uptake, systemic translocation and disease protection.

For resistance management do not make more than three sequential drench applications of **Azoxy 2SC Select** before alternating with a fungicide of a different mode of action.

Caution should be taken before making application of **Azoxy 2SC Select** as a drench to small bedding plants in the seedling/plug stage due to possible phytotoxicity. A limited quantity of plants should be tested prior to full-scale application.

Drip Irrigation: Apply **Azoxy 2SC Select** through drip irrigation systems to potted ornamentals or to bedded, field grown ornamentals for soil-borne disease control. Apply 3.85-30.75 fl. oz. **Azoxy 2SC Select** per acre as a preventative disease application. The soil or potting media should have adequate moisture capacity prior to drip application.

Terminate drip irrigation at fungicide depletion from the main feed supply tank or after 6 hours from start, whichever is shorter. For maximum efficacy, subsequent irrigation (water only) should be delayed for at least for 24 hours following drip application.

Ornamental Use Restrictions

- Do not apply **Azoxy 2SC Select** to apple or cherry trees (Flowering, Yoshina variety) due to possible phytotoxicity.
- Do not use spray equipment that has applied **Azoxy 2SC Select** for use in these sensitive crops due to possible phytotoxicity from residue remaining in the sprayer.

Apply **Azoxy 2SC Select** to certain varieties of crabapple for control of apple scab. **Azoxy 2SC Select** is safer when applied to the species and varieties listed in Table 4. However, due to the large number of genera, species, and varieties of crabapple, it is impossible to test every one for tolerance to **Azoxy 2SC Select**. The professional user should conduct small scale testing to insure plant safety prior to broadscale commercial use on plant genera and species not listed on this label.

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TABLE 1: DISEASES CONTROLLED

When used in accordance with the label directions, **Azoxy 2SC Select** will provide control of the following diseases of ornamental plants:

DISEASE (Pathogen)	Use Rates and Remarks	
	8 oz. and larger containers (fl. oz. product per 100 gallons)	4 oz. containers (fl. oz. product per 50 gallons)
1. CONIFER BLIGHTS		
a. Phomopsis Blight (<i>Phomopsis juniperovora</i>)	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
b. Tip Blight (<i>strobilinus</i>)	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
2. LEAF BLIGHTS/LEAF SPOTS		
a. Alternaria Leaf Spot (<i>Alternaria</i>)	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
b. Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp., <i>Elsinoe</i> spp.)	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
c. Downy Mildew of Rose (<i>Peronospora sparsa</i>)	Apply 3.85-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-21 days during periods of active plant growth and prior to dormancy or severe infection.	Apply 1.9-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-21 days during periods of active plant growth and prior to dormancy or severe infection.
d. Entomosporium Leaf Spot (<i>Entomosporium mespili</i>)	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
e. Iris Leaf Spot (<i>Mycosphaerella macrospora</i>)	Apply 3.85-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-21 days	Apply 1.9-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-21 days
f. Leaf spot (<i>Cladosporium echinulatum</i>)	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95 – 3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
g. Rose Blackspot (<i>Diplocarpon rosea</i>)	Apply 7.7 – 15.4 fl. oz. every 7-14 days Apply Azoxy 2SC Select on a 7 day interval unless disease pressure is light. Under severe disease conditions or if disease is already present, Azoxy 2SC Select may be tank mixed with another rose blackspot fungicide. Do not exceed 46 fl. oz./acre application	Apply 3.85 – 7.7 fl. oz. every 7-14 days Apply Azoxy 2SC Select on a 7 day interval unless disease pressure is light. Under severe disease conditions or if disease is already present, Azoxy 2SC Select may be tank mixed with another rose blackspot fungicide. Do not exceed 46 fl. oz./acre/application
h. Myrothecium leaf spot (<i>Myrothecium</i> spp.)	Apply 3.85 – 7.7 fl. oz. every 7-21 days	Apply 1.9 – 3.85 fl. oz. every 7-21 days
i. Downy Mildew of bedding plants (<i>Peronospora</i> spp.)	Apply 1.9 – 7.7 fl. oz every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95 – 3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
j. Scab (<i>Venturia inaequalis</i>)	Apply 1.9 – 7.7 fl. oz. every 10-28days. Do not apply to apple trees. For crabapples only, see Table 4 for tolerant species.	Apply 0.95 – 3.85 fl. oz. every 10-28 days. Do not apply to apple trees. For crabapples only, see Table 4 for tolerant species.
k. Marssonina Leaf Spot (<i>Marssonina</i> spp.)	Apply 1.9 – 7.7 fl. oz./100 gals. every 14-28 days.	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 14-28 days.
l. Cercospora Leaf Spot	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz./100 gals. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days.

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DISEASE (Pathogen)	Use Rates and Remarks	
	8 oz. and larger containers (fl. oz. product per 100 gallons)	4 oz. containers (fl. oz. product per 50 gallons)
3. POWDERY MILDEW		
Preventative applications only. Do not make more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to another class of fungicide.		
a. <i>Erysiphe pannosa</i> . E spp.	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
b. <i>Microspbaera azaleae</i>	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
c. <i>Sphaerotheca pannosa</i>	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
4. RUSTS		
a. Needle Rust (<i>Melampsora occidentalis</i>)	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
b. <i>Phragmidium</i> spp.	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
c. <i>Puccinia</i> spp.	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
d. <i>Gymnosporangium</i> spp.	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
5. FLOWER BLIGHTS		
a. Anthracnose (<i>Collectotmhum</i> spp <i>Elsinoe</i> spp.)	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
b. Botrytis Slight (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)	Apply 7.7-15.4 fl. oz. every 7-21 days For suppression only. Do not exceed 46 fl. oz./acre	Apply 3.85-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-21 days For suppression only. Do not exceed 46 fl. oz./acre
6. SHOOT/STEM DISEASES		
a. Aerial/Shoot Blight (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)	Apply 1.9-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-28 days	Apply 0.95-1.9 fl. oz. every 7-28 days
7. SOILBORNE DISEASES (Directed Spray)		
For directed spray applications utilize the following rates below		
a. <i>Rhizoctonia soiani</i>	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-21 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-21 days
b. <i>Scierotium rolfsil</i>	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-21 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-21 days
c. <i>Rosarium</i> spp.	Apply 1.9-7.7 fl. oz. every 7-21 days	Apply 0.95-3.85 fl. oz. every 7-21 days
8. SOILBORNE DISEASES (Drench)		
See Ornamentals Section for additional drench directions.		
a. <i>Rhizoctonia soiani</i>	Apply 0.35-1.75 fl. oz., 1 -2 pints of the solution per square foot surface area, every 7-28 days	Apply 0.19-0.95 fl. oz., 1-2 pints of the solution per square foot surface area, every 7-28 days
b. <i>Sclerotium rolfsil</i>	Apply 0.35-1.75 fl. oz., 1 -2 pints of the solution per square foot surface area, every 7-28 days	Apply 0.19-0.95 fl. oz., 1-2 pints of the solution per square foot surface area, every 7-28; days
c. <i>Fusarium</i> spp.	Apply 0.35-1.75 fl. oz., 1 -2 pints of the solution per square foot surface area, every 7-28 days	Apply 0.19-0.95 fl. oz., 1-2 pints of the solution per square foot surface area, every 7-28; days

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PLANT SAFETY

Azoxyl 2SC Select is safe when applied to the ornamental plants listed in Tables 2, 3, and 4; however, due to the large number of genera, species and varieties of ornamental and nursery plants, it is impossible to test every one for tolerance to **Azoxyl 2SC Select**. Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined whether or not **Azoxyl 2SC Select** can be used safely on genera, species, or varieties of ornamental and nursery plants not specified on this label. The professional user should conduct small scale testing to insure plant safety prior to broadscale commercial use on plant genera and species not listed in this label.

Do not tank mix **Azoxyl 2SC Select** with other fungicides, insecticides, herbicides, fertilizer, adjuvants, etc., unless local experience indicates that the tank mix is safe to ornamental plants.

Do not apply **Azoxyl 2SC Select** to certain apple, crabapple or cherry trees due to possible phytotoxicity. Further, do not use spray equipment that has applied **Azoxyl 2SC Select** for use in these sensitive crops due to possible phytotoxicity from residue remaining in the sprayer.

Tolerant Ornamental Plants

Azoxyl 2SC Select is safe when applied to the plants listed in Tables 2, 3 and 4 when applied according to specified application methods, rates, and timings:

TABLE 2: TOLERANT PLANTS LISTED BY BOTANICAL NAME

BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	DISEASES
Abelia spp.	Abelia	2
Abies fraseri	Fraser Fir	1, 4
Abies procera	Noble Fir	1, 4
Acerpalmatum	Japanese maple	2
Acer saccharum	Sugar maple	2
Ageratum spp.	Floss-Flower	3, 4
Ageratum spp.	Pussy's-Foot	3, 4
Aglaonema spp.	Chineseevergreen	2, 4
Ajuga reptans	Bugle, Bugleweed	3
Antirrhinum spp.	Snap-Dragon	2i, 3, 4
Aphelandra spp.	Zebra-Plant	2
Artemisia spp.	Mugwort, Sagebrush	2
Artemisia spp.	Wormwood	2
Aster spp.	Aster, Starwort	4
Aucuba japonica	Japanese aucuba, Japanese laurel	7
Begonia spp. (except Rieger begonia)	Begonia	2, 3
Berberis thunbergii	Barberry	3, 4
Betula nigra	River birch	3, 4
Bougainvillea spp.	Bougainvillea	2
Brassaia actinophylla	Rubber-tree, Umbrella-tree	2, 7
Buddleia davidii	Buddleia, Butterflybush	2
Buxus sempervirens	Boxwood	2, 7a
Caladium spp.	Caladium	7

AZOXY 2SC SELECT™

FUNGICIDE

BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	DISEASES
Camellia Japonica	Camellia	2
Caryota urens	Sago palm	2,7
Catharanthus roseus	Vinca	2
Ceanothus sanguineus	Wild lilac	3
Ceanothus spp	Ceanothus, California lilac, Snowball	3
Cedrus Atlantica spp.	Atlas cedar	2, 4
Cedrus spp.	White cedar	2, 4
Cercis occidentalis	Western redbud	2
Chamaecyparis spp.	Cypress, Leyland cypress	1
Chamaecyparis spp.	Sawara cypress	1
Chamaedora elegans	Parlor palm	7
Chrysanthemum spp.	Chrysanthemums	2, 7c
Clethra alnifolia	Clethra, White alder	2
Cornus spp.	Dogwood, Pink Dogwood, Flowering Dogwood	2b, 3
Cornus florida	Dogwood	2b, 3
Cortaderia selloana	Pampas grass	3
Cotoneaster adpressus	Creeping cotoneaster	7
Cotoneaster horizontalis	Cotoneaster-variegated rockspray	7
Cyclamen spp.	Cyclamen	7c
Cyperus spp.	Cyperus	1
Delphinium spp.	Larkspur	2
Dianthus caryophyllus	Carnation	3, 4
Dianthus spp.	Pink	3, 4
Dieffenbachia spp.	Dumb-Cane	2
Dietes iridioides	African iris, Butterfly iris	4c j
Digitalis spp.	Foxglove	2, 3
Epipremnum spp.	Pothos	2
Erica darleyensis	Heather	2
Euonymus alata	Dwarf winged euonymus	2
Euonymus alatus	Burning bush	2
Euonymus japonicus	Evergreen euonymus	2
Euphorbia spp.	Poinsettia	2a
Fatsia japonica	Japanese fatsia, Paper-plant	2
Ficus spp.	Fig	2
Forsythia viridissima	Forsythia	2

AZOXY 2SC SELECT™

FUNGICIDE

BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	DISEASES
Gaillardia spp.	Blanket flower	2
Gardenia jasminoides	Gardenia	3
Geranium spp.	Cranesbill	5b
Gerbera jamesonii	Gerber daisy, Transvaal daisy	3
Hedera Algeriensis	Algerian ivy	2
Hedera helix	English ivy	2
Hibiscus moscheutos	Hibiscus	2, 3
Hibiscus rosa-sinensis	Hibiscus	2, 3
Hibiscus syriacus	Rose of Sharon	2, 3
Hosta spp.	Hosta	2
Hydrangea macrophylla	French hydrangea	2, 3
Hydrangea spp.	Hydrangea	2, 3
Ilex spp.	Holly, Winterberry, Yaupon	3
Impatiens spp.1	Balsam, Impatiens1	2a, 7a
Iris xiphium	Iris (bulbous, Spanish, Dutch)	2e
Itea virginica	Virginia willow	3, 4
Juniperus procumbens	Juniper	1a, 4
Juniperus scopulorum	Juniper	1a, 4
Juniperus spp.	Juniper	1a, 4
Juniperus virginiana	Red cedar	1a, 4
Lagerstroemia indica	Crapemyrtle	2, 3
Laurus nobilis	Laurel	3
Lilium spp.	Asiatic Lily	2
Liriope muscari	Lily	2
Lobularia maritima	Sweet alyssum	7
Magnolia grandiflora	Southern magnolia	2
Magnolia soulangiana	Saucer magnolia	2
Magnolia spp.	Magnolia	2
Malus spp.	Crabapple (See Table 4 for variety list)	2i
Nandina domestica	Nandina	2
Nerium oleander	Oleander, Rose-bay	2
Pelargonium spp.	Geranium	3, 4, 5b
Pennisetumalopecuroides	Grass	2
Peperomia spp.	Baby rubber-plant	2, 7
Petunia spp.	Petunia	6a
Phalarisspp.	Dwarf pampas grass	3

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FUNGICIDE

BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	DISEASES
Philodendron spp.	Philodendron	2j
Phlox spp.	Phlox	3
Phoenix dactylifera	Date palm	2, 7
Phoenix roebelenii	Roebelin's palm	2, 7
Photinia glabra	Red tip photinia	2, 3, 4
Picea abies	Norway spruce	1
Picea glauca	White spruce	1
Picea pungens	Blue spruce	1
Pieris japonica	Japanese andromeda	2, 7
Pinus muhgo	Muhgo pine	1b, 4
Pinus nigra	Black pine	1b, 4
Pinus silvestris	Scotch pine	1, 4
Pinus spp.	Pine	1b, 4
Pinus strobus	Eastern white pine	1b, 4
Pittosporum spp.	Australian laurel	3, 4
Pittosporum tobira	Mock-orange	3, 4
Plectranthus spp.	Swedish ivy, Coleus	2
Populus trichocarpa	Poplar	4
Populus spp.	Aspen Trees	2
Potentilla spp.	Cinquefoil	2
Primula spp.	Primrose	2
Prunus pumila	Cherry	2, 5
Prunus spp.	Flowering plum, Purple-leaf plum	2, 5
Pseudotsuga spp.	Douglas fir	1, 4
Pyrus calleryana	Bradford's pear	3
Quercus falcata	Red oak	2, 3
Quercus palustris	Pin oak	2, 3
Rhaphiolepis indica	Indian hawthorn	2, 3, 4
Rhododendron spp.	Azaleas, Rhododendron	2b, 3, 6, 7
Rhododendron spp.	Glacier Azalea	2b, 3, 6, 7
Rosa spp.	Rose	2a, 2c, 3c, 4b
Rosmarinus spp.	Rosemary (prostrate)	2
Rudbeckia hirta	Black-eyed Susan	2j
Salvia spp.	Sage	3, 4j
Schlumbergera	Holiday cactus	2, 7
Sedum spp.	Orpine, Stonecrop	2

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FUNGICIDE

BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	DISEASES
Sempervivum spp.	Live-forever, House-Leek	2
Setaria spp.	Ribbon Grass	2, 3
Spathiphyllum floribundum	Peace lily	2, 7
Spiraea bumalda	Spiraea	3
Spiraea japonica	Spiraea	3
Syagrus romanzoffianum	Queen palm	2
Tagetes spp.	Marigold	2a
Taxus baccata	Spreading yew	7
Thuja plicata	Western red cedar	4
Thujopsis spp.	Arborvitae	2
Thymus serpyllum	Creeping thyme	2
Tsuga heterophylla	Western hemlock	4
Tsuga spp.	Hemlock	4
Verbena spp.	Verbena, Vervain	3
Viburnum spp;	Viburnum	2, 3, 4
Vinca spp.	Periwinkle	2, 6a
Viola spp.1	Viola, Pansy1	2
Weigela Florida	Pink Wiegela	2
Yucca spp.	Yucca	7
Zinnia spp.	Zinnia	2a, 3

¹Do not exceed 3.85 fl. oz./100 gallons on these species.

TABLE 3: TOLERANT PLANTS LISTED BY COMMON NAME

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Abelia	<i>Abelia</i> spp.
Andromeda Japanese	<i>Pieris japonica</i>
Arborvitae	<i>Thujopsis</i> spp.
Aspen Trees	<i>Populus</i> spp.
Aster	<i>Aster</i> spp.
Aucuba, Japanese	<i>Aucuba japonica</i>
Azalea, Glacier	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Azaleas	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Balsam	<i>Impatiens</i> spp.
Barberry	<i>Berberis thunbergii</i>
Begonia (except Rieger begonia)	<i>Begonia</i> spp.

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FUNGICIDE

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Birch, River	<i>Betula nigra</i>
Black-eyed Susan	<i>Rudbeckia hirta</i>
Blanket-Flower	<i>Gaillardia</i> spp.
Bougainvillea	<i>Bougainvillea</i> spp.
Boxwood	<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>
Buddleia	<i>Buddleia davidii</i>
Bugle	<i>Ajuga reptans</i>
Bugleweed	<i>Ajuga reptans</i>
Burning Bush	<i>Euonymus alatus</i>
Butterfly Bush	<i>Buddleia davidii</i>
Cactus, Holiday	<i>Schlumbergera</i>
Caladium	<i>Caladium</i> spp.
Camellia	<i>Camellia japonica</i>
Carnation	<i>Dianthus caryophyllus</i>
Ceanothus	<i>Ceanothus</i> spp.
Cedar, Atlas	<i>Cedrus atlantica</i>
Cedar, Red	<i>Juniperus virginiana</i>
Cedar, Western Red	<i>Thuja plicata</i>
Cedar, White	<i>Cedrus</i> spp.
Cherry	<i>Prunus pumila</i>
Christmas Tree	See Fraser fir, Scotch pine and Douglas fir
Chrysanthemum	<i>Chrysanthemum</i> spp.
Cinquefoil	<i>Potentilla</i> spp.
Clethra	<i>Clethra alnifolia</i>
Coleus	<i>Plectranthus</i> spp.
Cotoneaster, Creeping	<i>Cotoneaster adpressus</i>
Cotoneaster, Variegated Rockspray	<i>Cotoneaster horizontalis</i>
Cranapple (See Table 4 for variety list)	<i>Malus</i> spp.
Cranesbill	<i>Geranium</i> spp.
Crapemyrtle	<i>Lagerstroemia indica</i>
Cyclamen	<i>Cyclamen</i> spp.
Cyperus	<i>Cyperas</i> spp.
Cypress, Sawara	<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i>
Cypress, Leyland	<i>Chamaecyparisspp.</i>
Daisy, Gerber	<i>Gerbera jamesonii</i>

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FUNGICIDE

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Daisy, Transvaal	<i>Gerbera jamesonii</i>
Dogwood	<i>Comus</i> spp.
Dogwood	<i>Cornus florida</i>
Dogwood, Pink	<i>Conus</i> spp.
Dumb-Cane	<i>Dieffenbachia</i> spp.
Euonymus, Dwarf Winged	<i>Euonymus alata</i>
Euonymus, Evergreen	<i>Euonymus japonicus</i>
Evergreen, Chinese	<i>Aglaonema</i> spp.
Fatsia, Japanese	<i>Fatsia japonica</i>
Fig	<i>Ficus</i> spp.
Fir, Douglas	<i>Pseudotsuga</i> spp.
Fir, Fraser	<i>Abies fraseri</i>
Fir, Noble	<i>Abies procera</i>
Floss-Flower	<i>Ageratum</i> spp.
Forsythia	<i>Forsythia viridissima</i>
Foxglove	<i>Digitalis</i> spp.
Gardenia	<i>Gardenia jasminoides</i>
Geranium	<i>Pelargonium</i> spp.
Grass	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>
Grass, Dwarf Pampas	<i>Phalaris</i> spp.
Grass, Pampas	<i>Cortaderia selloana</i>
Hawthorn, Indian	<i>Raphiolepis indica</i>
Heather	<i>Erica dareyensis</i>
Hemlock	<i>Tsuga</i> spp.
Hemlock, Western	<i>Tsuga heterophylla</i>
Hibiscus	<i>Hibiscus moscheutos</i>
Hibiscus	<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>
Holly	<i>Ilex</i> spp.
Hosta	<i>Hosta</i> spp.
House-Leek	<i>Sempervivum</i> spp.
Hydrangea	<i>Hydrangea</i> spp.
Hydrangea, French	<i>Hydrangea macrophylla</i>
Impatiens ¹	<i>Impatiens</i> spp. ¹
iris (Bulbous, Spanish, Dutch)	<i>Iris xiphium</i>
Iris, African	<i>Diets Iridiodes</i>

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FUNGICIDE

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Iris, Butterfly	<i>Dietes Iridiodes</i>
Ivy, Algerian	<i>Hedera Ageriensis</i>
Ivy, English	<i>Hedera helix</i>
Ivy, Swedish	<i>Plectranthus</i> spp.
Juniper	<i>Juniperus procumbens</i>
Juniper	<i>Juniperus scopulorum</i>
Juniper	<i>Juniperus</i> spp.
Larkspur	<i>Delphinium</i> spp.
Laurel	<i>Laurus nobilis</i>
Laurel, Australian	<i>Pittosporum</i> spp.
Laurel, Japanese	<i>Aucuba japonica</i>
Lilac, California	<i>Ceanothus</i> spp.
Lilac, Wild	<i>Ceanothus sanguineus</i>
Lily, Asiatic	<i>Lilium</i> spp.
Lily, Peace	<i>Spathiphyllum floribundum</i>
Lily-Turf	<i>Liriope muscari</i>
Live-Forever	<i>Sempervivum</i> spp.
Magnolia	<i>Magnolia</i> spp.
Magnolia, Saucer	<i>Magnolia soulangiana</i>
Magnolia, Southern	<i>Magnolia grandiflora</i>
Maple, Japanese	<i>Acerpalmatum</i>
Maple Sugar	<i>Acer palmatum</i>
Marigold	<i>Tagetes</i> spp.
Mock-Orange	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i>
Mugwort	<i>Artemisia</i> spp.
Nandina	<i>Nandina domestica</i>
Oak, Pin	<i>Quercus palustris</i>
Oak, Red	<i>Quercus falcata</i>
Oleander	<i>Nerium oleander</i>
Orpine	<i>Sedum</i> spp.
Palm, Date	<i>Phoenix dactylifera</i>
Palm, Parlor	<i>Ohamaedora elegans</i>
Palm, Queen	<i>Syagnis romanzoffianum</i>
Palm, Roebelin's	<i>Phoenix roebelenii</i>
Palm, Sago	<i>Caryota urens</i>

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FUNGICIDE

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Pansy1	<i>Viola</i> spp. ¹
Paper Plant	<i>Fatsia japonica</i>
Pear Bradford's	<i>Pyrus calleryana</i>
Periwinkle	<i>Vinca</i> spp.
Petunia	<i>Petunia</i> spp.
Philodendron	<i>Philodendron</i> spp.
Phlox	<i>Phlox</i> spp.
Photinia, Red-Tip	<i>Photinia glabra</i>
Pine	<i>Pinus</i> spp.
Pine, Black	<i>Pinus nigra</i>
Pine, Eastern White	<i>Pinus strobus</i>
Pine, Muhgo	<i>Pinus Muhgo</i>
Pine Scotch	<i>Pinus Sylvestris</i>
Pink	<i>Dianthus</i> spp.
Plum, Flowering	<i>Prunus</i> spp.
Plum, Purple-Leaf	<i>Prunus</i> spp.
Poinsettia	<i>Euphorbia</i> spp.
Poplar	<i>Populus trichocarpa</i>
Pothos	<i>Epipremnum</i> spp.
Primrose	<i>Primula</i> spp.
Pussy's-Foot	<i>Ageratum</i> spp.
Redbud, Western	<i>Cercis occidentalis</i>
Rhododendron	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Ribbon-Grass	<i>Setaria</i> spp.
Rose of Sharon	<i>Hibiscus syriac us</i>
Rose	<i>Rosa</i> spp.
Rose-Bay	<i>Nerium oleander</i>
Rosemary (Prostrate)	<i>Rosmarinus</i> spp.
Rubber-Plant, Baby	<i>Peperomia</i> spp.
Rubber Tree	<i>Brassaia actinophylla</i>
Sage	<i>Salvia</i> spp.
Sagebrush	<i>Artemisia</i> spp.
Snap-Dragon	<i>Antirrhinum</i> spp.
Snowball	<i>Ceanothus</i> spp.
Spirea	<i>Spiraea bumalda</i>

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FUNGICIDE

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Spirea	<i>Spiraea japonica</i>
Spruce, Blue	<i>Picea pungens</i>
Spruce, Norway	<i>Picea abies</i>
Spruce, White	<i>Picea glauca</i>
Starwort	<i>Aster</i> spp.
Stonecrop	<i>Sedum</i> spp.
Sweet Alyssum	<i>Lobularia maritima</i>
Thymes Creeping	<i>Thymus serpyllum</i>
Umbrella-Tree	<i>Brassaia actinophylla</i>
Verbena	<i>Verbena</i> spp.
Vervain	<i>Verbena</i> spp.
Viburnum	<i>Viburnum</i> spp.
Vinca	<i>Catharanthus roseus</i>
Viola	<i>Viola</i> spp.
White alder	<i>Ciethora</i> spp.
Wiegela, Pink	<i>Weigela Florida</i>
Willow, Virginia	<i>Itea Virginica</i>
Winterberry	<i>Ilex</i> spp.
Wormwood	<i>Artemisia</i> spp.
Yaupon	<i>Ilex</i> spp.
Yew, Spreading	<i>Taxus baccata</i>
Yucca	<i>Yucca</i> spp.
Zebra-Plant	<i>Aphelandra</i> spp.
Zinnia	<i>Zinnia</i> spp.

¹Do Not Exceed 3.85 fl. oz./100 gallons on these species.

AZOXY 2SC SELECT™

FUNGICIDE
TABLE 4: TOLERANT VARIETIES OF CRABAPPLE SPECIES (GENUS MALUS) TOLERANT VARIETIES OF MALUS

Arkansas Black	Eleyi	Mary Potter	<i>seiboldii</i>
atrosanguinea	Enterprise	Molten Lava	Selkirk
<i>baccata</i>	Evereste	New Centennial	Sentinel
<i>baccata</i> var. <i>jackii</i>	<i>Eyelynn</i>	Ormiston Roy	Silver Moon
<i>baccata</i> var. <i>mandshurica</i>	<i>floribunda</i>	Pink Satin	<i>Silverdrift</i>
Callaway	Gloriosa	Prairie Maid	Sinai Fire
Candymint Sargent	Golden Delicious	Prairifire	<i>spectabilis</i>
Christmas Holly	Golden Raindrops	Profusion	Sugar Tyme
<i>coronaria</i>	Hopa	<i>pumila</i>	Van Eseltine
David	Indian Magic	Ralph Shay	White Angel
Dolgo	Island	Red Jade	Williams Pride
Donald Wyman	Katherine	Red Baron	Winter Gold
Dorothea	Lancelot	Sargent	Yellow Delicious
Doublings	Louisa	<i>sargentii</i>	<i>zumi</i> Calocarpa

¹ Do Not Exceed 3.85 fl. oz./100 gallons on these species.

TABLE 5. INTOLERANT PLANTS (DO NOT APPLY AZOXY 2SC SELECT TO THESE SPECIES OR VARIETIES)

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Apple	<i>Malus domestica</i>
Crabapple-Flame variety	<i>Malus</i> spp.
Crabapple-Brandywine variety	<i>Malus</i> spp.
Crabapple-Novamac variety	<i>Malus</i> spp.
Cherry, Flowering-Yoshina variety	<i>Prunus yedoensis</i>
Leatherleaf Fern and Other Ferns for cut foliage	Rumohra adianformis and other species for cut foliage
Privet	<i>Ligustrum</i> spp.

AZOXY 2SC SELECT™

FUNGICIDE

CONIFERS INCLUDING CHRISTMAS TREES, COMMERCIAL PRODUCTION ROSES

Azoxy 2SC Select controls certain diseases on conifers in production (indoor and outdoor) and landscape situations.

Please see the Ornamental Section above for more detailed directions for use in landscape situations.

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/Acre (lb. ai/A)	Remarks
Conifers including Christmas Trees	Diplodia tip blight <i>(Diplodia pinea)</i> Lophodermium Needlecast <i>(Lophodermium pinastris)</i> Swiss Needlecast <i>(Phaeocryptopus gaumannii)</i>	6.1-15.3 (0.10-0.25)	<p>Integrated Pest (Disease) Management: Integrate Azoxy 2SC Select into an overall disease management strategy that includes selection of varieties with disease tolerance and removal of plant debris in which inoculum may overwinter.</p> <p>Resistance Management: Do not apply more than four sequential applications of Azoxy 2SC Select before alternating with a fungicide that is not in Group 11. Do not make more than eight applications of Azoxy 2SC Select per acre per year.</p> <p>Application Directions: Begin Azoxy 2SC Select applications prior to disease development and continue throughout the season at 7-21 day intervals following the resistance management guidelines. Make applications by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates.</p>
Roses (Commercial Rose Production)	Downy Mildew <i>(Peronospora sparsa)</i> Powdery Mildew <i>(Sphaerotheca pannosa)</i> Rust <i>(Phragmidium mucronatum, P. tuberculatum, and other Phragmidium spp.)</i> Septoria Leaf Spot <i>(Septoria rosea)</i> Alternaria Leaf Spot <i>(Alternaria alternata)</i>	3.0-15.3 (0.05-0.25)	<p>Integrated Pest (Disease) Management: Integrate Azoxy 2SC Select into an overall disease management strategy that includes selection of varieties with disease tolerance, optimum plant populations, proper fertilization, winter and/or spring pruning, plant residue management and proper timing and placement of irrigation.</p> <p>Resistance Management: Do not make more than four sequential applications of Azoxy 2SC Select before alternating with a fungicide that is not in Group 11. Do not make more than eight applications per acre per year.</p> <p>Application Directions: Begin Azoxy 2SC Select application prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on 7-21 day intervals following the resistance management guidelines. Make applications by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates.</p> <p>Plant Safety: Azoxy 2SC Select is safe when applied to roses. However, all varieties of roses have not been evaluated for safety. Small scale variety safety testing must be conducted to insure plant safety prior to large scale application, in addition, do not tank mix Azoxy 2SC Select with other fungicides, insecticides, herbicides, fertilizer, etc. unless local experience indicates that the tank mix is safe to roses.</p>

Specific Use Restrictions: Do not apply more than 123 fluid ounces of product/acre/season (2.0 lbs. a.i./A).

AZOXY 2SC SELECT™

FUNGICIDE

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original containers only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill on floor or paved surfaces, mop and remove to chemical waste storage area until proper disposal can be made if product cannot be used according to the label.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING (less than or equal to 5 gallons) Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use and disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED OR DRINKING WATER.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of ALBAUGH, LLC or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold ALBAUGH, LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

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